
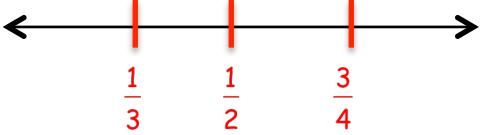

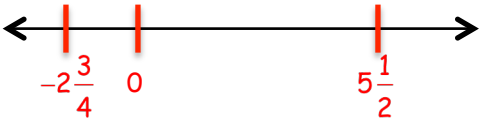



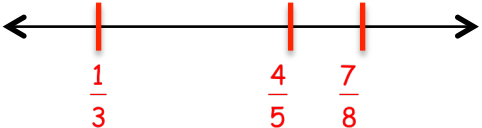
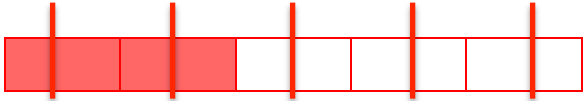
## SKILL BOOSTERS: FRACTION CONCEPTS PRE-ASSESSMENT

Answer Key

<p>1. Write <math>4 \div 10</math> in three different ways.</p> <p style="color: red;"><math>\frac{4}{10}</math>    <math>10 \overline{)4}</math>    4 divided by 10</p>	<p>6. Write <math>\frac{20}{24}</math> in simplest form. Show your work.</p> <p style="color: red;"><math>\frac{20}{24} \div \frac{4}{4} = \frac{5}{6}</math></p>
<p>2. Draw a picture of <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> using an area model.</p> 	<p>7. Write <math>3\frac{3}{4}</math> as a sum.</p> <p style="color: red;"><math>3 + \frac{3}{4}</math></p>
<p>3. Place <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, and <math>\frac{3}{4}</math> on the number line. Explain your reasoning.</p> 	<p>8. Write <math>3\frac{3}{4}</math> as an improper fraction.</p> <p style="color: red;"><math>\frac{15}{4}</math></p>
<p>4. Show that <math>\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}</math> using a diagram.</p> 	<p>9. Write <math>\frac{8}{3}</math> as a mixed number and as a sum.</p> <p style="color: red;"><math>2\frac{2}{3}</math>    <math>2 + \frac{2}{3}</math></p>
<p>5. Find <math>n</math>: <math>\frac{3}{4} = \frac{n}{12}</math>. Show your work.</p> <p style="color: red;"><math>\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{3} = \frac{9}{12}</math>    <math>n = 9</math></p>	<p>10. Locate <math>5\frac{1}{2}</math> and <math>-2\frac{3}{4}</math> on the number line.</p> 

## SKILL BOOSTERS: FRACTION CONCEPTS POST-ASSESSMENT

Answer Key

<p>1. Write 7 divided by 8 in three different ways.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"> <math>\frac{7}{8}</math>    <math>8\overline{)7}</math>    <math>7 \div 8</math> </p>	<p>6. Write <math>\frac{28}{42}</math> in simplest form. Show your work.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"> <math>\frac{28}{42} \div \frac{14}{14} = \frac{2}{3}</math> </p>
<p>2. Draw a picture of <math>\frac{5}{8}</math> using an area model.</p> 	<p>7. Write <math>4\frac{5}{8}</math> as a sum.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"> <math>4 + \frac{5}{8}</math> </p>
<p>3. Place <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{4}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{7}{8}</math> on the number line. Explain your reasoning.</p> 	<p>8. Write <math>4\frac{5}{8}</math> as an improper fraction.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"> <math>\frac{37}{8}</math> </p>
<p>4. Show that <math>\frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{10}</math> using a diagram.</p> 	<p>9. Write <math>\frac{18}{4}</math> as a mixed number and as a sum.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"> <math>4\frac{2}{4}</math> or <math>4\frac{1}{2}</math>    <math>4 + \frac{1}{2}</math> </p>
<p>5. Find <math>n</math>: <math>\frac{5}{8} = \frac{n}{24}</math>. Show your work.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"> <math>\frac{5 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 3} = \frac{15}{24}</math>    <math>n = 15</math> </p>	<p>10. Locate <math>2\frac{7}{8}</math> and <math>-1\frac{1}{3}</math> on the number line.</p> 